

author of sense and sensibility

Author of *Sense and Sensibility*, Jane Austen, is one of the most celebrated writers in English literature. Born in 1775 in Steventon, Hampshire, Austen's keen observations of her society and her deft understanding of human relationships have made her novels timeless classics. Among her works, "*Sense and Sensibility*," published in 1811, is particularly notable for its exploration of the contrasting temperaments of its two heroines, Elinor and Marianne Dashwood. In this article, we will explore the life, works, and legacy of Jane Austen, as well as delve deeper into the themes presented in "*Sense and Sensibility*."

Early Life and Influences

Jane Austen was the seventh of eight children in a close-knit family. Her father, George Austen, was a clergyman, and her mother, Cassandra Leigh Austen, came from a well-connected family. Growing up in a household that valued education and literature, Jane was encouraged to read and write from an early age.

Education and Literary Beginnings

Austen's education was somewhat unconventional for women of her time. Here are some key points about her educational background:

1. **Home Education:** Jane was largely educated at home, where her father had a well-stocked library, allowing her access to a wide range of literature.
2. **Boarding School:** For a brief period, she attended a boarding school in Reading, where she received formal education, which helped refine her writing skills.
3. **Literary Influences:** Austen was influenced by various authors, including Samuel Johnson, Fanny

Burney, and the gothic novels of her time. These influences helped shape her narrative style and thematic choices.

By her teenage years, Jane had begun writing her own stories, often parodying the popular novels of the time. This early practice laid the groundwork for her later works.

Literary Career

Jane Austen's literary career began with the publication of "Sense and Sensibility" in 1811, but her journey as a writer started much earlier.

Early Works

Before "Sense and Sensibility," Jane wrote several unpublished works, including:

- "Lady Susan": A short epistolary novel that showcases her sharp wit and understanding of social dynamics.
- "Elinor and Marianne": The original title of "Sense and Sensibility," which she wrote in her late teens.
- "Northanger Abbey": A satire of gothic novels, which was published posthumously in 1818.

These early works demonstrated her ability to critique societal norms and highlight the roles of women in early 19th century England.

Success with Sense and Sensibility

"Sense and Sensibility" was published anonymously, which was common for female authors of the time. The novel was well-received, and its success encouraged Austen to continue writing. Here are

some notable aspects of the novel:

- Plot Overview: The story revolves around the Dashwood sisters, Elinor and Marianne, who face financial hardship and romantic entanglements after their father's death.
- Themes: The novel explores the tension between reason and emotion, highlighting the importance of balance in relationships.
- Character Development: Austen skillfully develops her characters, making Elinor the embodiment of sense and Marianne the embodiment of sensibility.

Austen's nuanced portrayal of her characters demonstrates her keen understanding of human nature and societal expectations.

Thematic Exploration in Sense and Sensibility

One of the reasons "Sense and Sensibility" remains a favorite among readers is its exploration of timeless themes.

Contrasting Temperaments

The dichotomy between Elinor and Marianne serves as a central theme in the novel.

1. Elinor Dashwood: Represents rationality, restraint, and practicality. She embodies the qualities of 'sense' and navigates her challenges with a level-headed approach.
2. Marianne Dashwood: Embodies passion, spontaneity, and emotional depth. Her character highlights the virtues and pitfalls of living life with pure 'sensibility.'

This contrast not only drives the narrative but also prompts readers to reflect on the balance required in their own lives.

Societal Expectations and Gender Roles

Austen's novels often critique the limited roles available to women during her time. In "Sense and Sensibility," the Dashwood sisters face societal pressures regarding marriage and financial security.

- Marriage as a Social Contract: The novel portrays marriage not just as a romantic union but as a means of economic stability.
- Women's Independence: Through the experiences of Elinor and Marianne, Austen highlights the struggles women face in securing their autonomy within a patriarchal society.

These themes resonate with contemporary audiences, making Austen's work relevant even today.

Later Works and Legacy

Following the success of "Sense and Sensibility," Jane Austen continued to publish several more novels, including "Pride and Prejudice," "Emma," and "Mansfield Park." Each work further solidified her status as a leading novelist of her time.

Impact on Literature

Austen's writing style and thematic concerns have influenced countless authors and literary movements. Some of her contributions include:

- Realism in Literature: Austen's focus on the everyday lives and relationships of her characters paved the way for the realism movement in literature.
- Feminist Literature: Her exploration of women's roles and rights has earned her a place in feminist literary discussions.
- Character-Driven Stories: Austen's emphasis on character development over plot-driven narratives

has inspired generations of writers.

Enduring Popularity

Jane Austen's works, including "Sense and Sensibility," have been adapted into numerous films, television series, and stage productions. Her ability to capture the complexities of human relationships continues to resonate with audiences around the world.

Conclusion

The author of "Sense and Sensibility," Jane Austen, remains an iconic figure in English literature. Her keen insights into human nature, societal norms, and the complexities of relationships have made her novels a staple in both academic and casual reading. The enduring themes in "Sense and Sensibility" ensure that Austen's legacy will continue to thrive for generations to come. Whether you are a long-time admirer of Austen's work or a newcomer to her stories, there is no denying the profound impact she has had on literature and society.

Frequently Asked Questions

Who is the author of 'Sense and Sensibility'?

The author of 'Sense and Sensibility' is Jane Austen.

When was 'Sense and Sensibility' first published?

'Sense and Sensibility' was first published in 1811.

What themes are explored in 'Sense and Sensibility'?

The novel explores themes of love, social class, and the balance between reason and emotion.

Is 'Sense and Sensibility' based on real-life events?

While 'Sense and Sensibility' is a work of fiction, it is believed to be inspired by Jane Austen's observations of society and her own experiences.

Who are the main characters in 'Sense and Sensibility'?

The main characters are Elinor Dashwood and Marianne Dashwood, who are sisters with contrasting personalities.

What is the significance of the title 'Sense and Sensibility'?

The title reflects the central conflict between rational thought (sense) and emotional intuition (sensibility) that the characters navigate.

Has 'Sense and Sensibility' been adapted into other media?

Yes, 'Sense and Sensibility' has been adapted into several films, television series, and stage productions.

[Author Of Sense And Sensibility](#)

Author Of Sense And Sensibility

Related Articles

- [basic plus houston test answers](#)
- [basic college mathematics with early integers](#)
- [auto collision repair refinishing workbook](#)

[Back to Home](#)