

area of compound shapes worksheet with answers

Area of compound shapes worksheet with answers is an essential resource for students learning geometry. Understanding how to calculate the area of compound shapes—those that are formed by combining two or more simple shapes—can be challenging. This article will guide you through the concepts, provide examples, and present a worksheet complete with answers to reinforce learning.

Understanding Compound Shapes

Compound shapes are geometric figures made up of two or more simple shapes, such as rectangles, triangles, circles, and trapezoids. To calculate the area of a compound shape, you can follow these steps:

1. Identify the simple shapes that make up the compound shape.
2. Calculate the area of each simple shape individually.
3. Add or subtract the areas of these shapes as necessary to find the total area of the compound shape.

Common Simple Shapes and Their Area Formulas

Before diving into compound shapes, it's crucial to understand the area formulas for common geometric figures:

- Rectangle: $\text{Area} = \text{length} \times \text{width}$
- Square: $\text{Area} = \text{side} \times \text{side}$
- Triangle: $\text{Area} = (\text{base} \times \text{height}) / 2$
- Circle: $\text{Area} = \pi \times \text{radius}^2$
- Trapezoid: $\text{Area} = (\text{base1} + \text{base2}) \times \text{height} / 2$

Example of Calculating Area of Compound Shapes

Let's consider an example to illustrate how to calculate the area of a compound shape.

Example 1: L-Shaped Compound Figure

Imagine an L-shaped figure composed of a rectangle measuring 5 cm by 3 cm and

another rectangle measuring 2 cm by 3 cm attached to one side of the first rectangle.

Step 1: Identify Simple Shapes

- Rectangle 1: 5 cm by 3 cm
- Rectangle 2: 2 cm by 3 cm

Step 2: Calculate Areas

- Area of Rectangle 1 = 5 cm $\times$ 3 cm = 15 cm²
- Area of Rectangle 2 = 2 cm $\times$ 3 cm = 6 cm²

Step 3: Add Areas Together

Total Area = Area of Rectangle 1 + Area of Rectangle 2
Total Area = 15 cm² + 6 cm² = 21 cm²

Thus, the area of the L-shaped compound figure is 21 cm².

Example 2: Compound Shape with Subtraction

Consider a rectangle measuring 10 cm by 5 cm with a semicircle cut out from one of its shorter sides.

Step 1: Identify Simple Shapes

- Rectangle: 10 cm by 5 cm
- Semicircle: Radius = 2.5 cm (since the diameter is equal to the rectangle's width)

Step 2: Calculate Areas

- Area of Rectangle = 10 cm $\times$ 5 cm = 50 cm²
- Area of Semicircle = ($\pi \times \text{radius}^2$) / 2 = ($\pi \times (2.5 \text{ cm})^2$) / 2 $\approx$ 9.82 cm²

Step 3: Subtract the Area of the Semicircle from the Rectangle

Total Area = Area of Rectangle - Area of Semicircle
Total Area = 50 cm² - 9.82 cm² $\approx$ 40.18 cm²

Therefore, the area of the compound shape is approximately 40.18 cm².

Practice Worksheet: Area of Compound Shapes

To help solidify your understanding, try this worksheet of compound shapes. Calculate the area of each shape and check your answers at the end.

Worksheet Problems:

1. Problem 1: A rectangle measuring 8 cm by 4 cm and a triangle with a base of 4 cm and a height of 3 cm are combined. What is the total area?
2. Problem 2: A square with a side length of 6 cm has a smaller square with a side length of 2 cm cut out from one corner. What is the area of the remaining shape?
3. Problem 3: A trapezoid with bases of 6 cm and 4 cm and a height of 3 cm is attached to a rectangle measuring 4 cm by 2 cm. Calculate the total area.
4. Problem 4: A large rectangle measuring 10 cm by 5 cm has a circular hole with a radius of 1.5 cm cut out from its center. What is the area of the remaining shape?

Answers to the Worksheet

1. Answer to Problem 1:
 - Area of Rectangle = $8 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm} = 32 \text{ cm}^2$
 - Area of Triangle = $(4 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm}) / 2 = 6 \text{ cm}^2$
 - Total Area = $32 \text{ cm}^2 + 6 \text{ cm}^2 = 38 \text{ cm}^2$
2. Answer to Problem 2:
 - Area of Large Square = $6 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm} = 36 \text{ cm}^2$
 - Area of Small Square = $2 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm} = 4 \text{ cm}^2$
 - Area of Remaining Shape = $36 \text{ cm}^2 - 4 \text{ cm}^2 = 32 \text{ cm}^2$
3. Answer to Problem 3:
 - Area of Trapezoid = $(6 \text{ cm} + 4 \text{ cm}) \times 3 \text{ cm} / 2 = 15 \text{ cm}^2$
 - Area of Rectangle = $4 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm} = 8 \text{ cm}^2$
 - Total Area = $15 \text{ cm}^2 + 8 \text{ cm}^2 = 23 \text{ cm}^2$
4. Answer to Problem 4:
 - Area of Rectangle = $10 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} = 50 \text{ cm}^2$
 - Area of Circle = $\pi \times (1.5 \text{ cm})^2 \approx 7.07 \text{ cm}^2$
 - Area of Remaining Shape = $50 \text{ cm}^2 - 7.07 \text{ cm}^2 \approx 42.93 \text{ cm}^2$

Conclusion

The **area of compound shapes worksheet with answers** provided in this article offers a comprehensive guide for students to understand and practice calculating the area of various compound shapes. By mastering these concepts, students will enhance their geometry skills and gain confidence in their mathematical abilities. Practice is key, so make sure to revisit these problems and try creating your own compound shapes to calculate areas!

Frequently Asked Questions

What is a compound shape?

A compound shape is a shape that is made up of two or more simple geometric shapes, such as rectangles, triangles, and circles.

How do you calculate the area of a compound shape?

To calculate the area of a compound shape, you break it down into its simple shapes, calculate the area of each simple shape, and then sum those areas.

What formulas are used for calculating the area of simple shapes in compound shapes?

Common formulas include: Area of a rectangle = length $\times$ width, Area of a triangle = $\frac{1}{2} \times$ base $\times$ height, Area of a circle = $\pi \times$ radius².

Can you provide an example of a compound shape and its area?

Sure! For a compound shape made of a rectangle (length 5m, width 3m) and a triangle (base 3m, height 2m), the total area is: Rectangle area = 15m^2 + Triangle area = 3m^2 = 18m^2 .

What are some common mistakes when working on area of compound shapes worksheets?

Common mistakes include forgetting to add the areas of all shapes, miscalculating the dimensions of the shapes, or using the wrong formulas.

Are there any online resources for practicing area of compound shapes?

Yes, there are several educational websites that offer worksheets and interactive exercises for practicing area calculations of compound shapes.

How do I check my answers on an area of compound shapes worksheet?

You can check your answers by comparing them with provided answer keys, using online calculators, or asking a teacher for verification.

What grade level typically studies area of compound

shapes?

Area of compound shapes is usually taught at the upper elementary or middle school level, often in grades 5-7, depending on the curriculum.

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